10/524,331

EAST Search History

Ref #	Hits	Search Query	DBs	Default Operator	Plurals	Time Stamp
L1	247	(556/51).CCLS.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO	OR	OFF	2006/03/05 18:13
L2	786	(546/2).CCLS.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO	OR	OFF	2006/03/05 18:24
L3	1346	(502/155).CCLS.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO	OR	OFF	2006/03/05 18:39
L4	1346	(502/162).CCLS.	US-PGPUB; USPAT; EPO; JPO	OR	OFF	2006/03/05 18:39

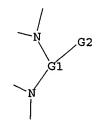
6/524,33 (FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 17:07:21 ON 05 MAR 2006)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 17:07:30 ON 05 MAR 2006
L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> d l1

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR



G1 Hf, Ti, Zr

G2 H, Cl, Br, F, I

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l1

SAMPLE SEARCH INITIATED 17:07:52 FILE 'REGISTRY'

SAMPLE SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 211 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 211 ITERATIONS

5 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

FULL FILE PROJECTIONS: ONLINE **COMPLETE**

BATCH **COMPLETE**

PROJECTED ITERATIONS: 3349 TO 5091

PROJECTED ANSWERS: 5 TO 234

L2 5 SEA SSS SAM L1

=> s l1 full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 17:07:59 FILE 'REGISTRY'

FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 4642 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 4642 ITERATIONS 136 ANSWERS

SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

L3 136 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> fil caplus

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL

ENTRY SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST 166.94 167.15

FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 17:08:22 ON 05 MAR 2006 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS.

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=> s 13/prep
           216 L3
     . 3432716 PREP/RL
            61 L3/PREP
                 (L3 (L) PREP/RL)
=> s 14 and py<=2002
      22791134 PY<=2002
L5
            49 L4 AND PY<=2002
=> d 1-49 bib abs
L5
    ANSWER 1 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
AN
     2002:494772 CAPLUS
DN
    137:209929
ΤI
     Synthesis and Structures of Zirconium Amide-Iodide Complexes
ΑU
    Lehn, Jean-Sebastien M.; Hoffman, David M.
CS
    Department of Chemistry, University of Houston, Houston, TX, 77204-5003,
    USA
so
     Inorganic Chemistry (2002), 41(15), 4063-4067
     CODEN: INOCAJ; ISSN: 0020-1669
PB ·
    American Chemical Society
DT
    Journal
LA
     English
OS
    CASREACT 137:209929
AΒ
     Zr amide-iodide complexes were synthesized for possible use as CVD
    precursors to Zr nitride films. Six complexes Zr(NR2)4-nIn (R = Me or Et;
     n = 1-3) were prepared by reacting ZrI4 and Zr(NR2)4 in hot toluene. x-ray
     crystallog. analyses were performed for Zr(NMe2)31, Zr(NEt2)212, and
     Zr(NEt2)I3. In the solid state, Zr(NMe2)3I and Zr(NEt2)2I2 are the
     discrete dimers [Zr(NMe2)2I(\mu-NMe2)]2 and [Zr(NEt2)2I(\mu-I)]2, and
     Zr(NEt2)I3 is the polymer of dimers \{[Zr(NEt2)I2(\mu-I)]2\}n. In solution,
     Zr(NEt2)3I probably is monomeric from NMR data and a mol. weight determination The
     complex Zr(NEt2)3I is the most promising precursor candidate because of
     its phys. properties.
RE.CNT 31
              THERE ARE 31 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD
              ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
L5
    ANSWER 2 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
ΑN
     2001:524158 CAPLUS
DN
     135:266235
ΤI
     Reactions of Tetrakis(dimethylamide)-Titanium, -Zirconium and -Hafnium
     with Silanes: Synthesis of Unusual Amide Hydride Complexes and Mechanistic
     Studies of Titanium-Silicon-Nitride (Ti-Si-N) Formation
ΑU
     Liu, Xiaozhan; Wu, Zhongzhi; Cai, Hu; Yang, Yihui; Chen, Tianniu; Vallet,
     Catherine E.; Zuhr, Ray A.; Beach, David B.; Peng, Zhi-Hui; Wu, Yun-Dong;
     Concolino, Thomas E.; Rheingold, Arnold L.; Xue, Ziling
CS
    Department of Chemistry, University of Tennessee, Knoxville, TN, 37996,
    USA
SO
     Journal of the American Chemical Society (2001), 123(33),
     8011-8021
     CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863
PΒ
     American Chemical Society
DT
    Journal
     English
LA
os
     CASREACT 135:266235
AΒ
    M(NMe2)4 (M = Ti, Zr, Hf) react with H2SiR'Ph (R' = H, Me, Ph) to yield
    H2, aminosilanes, and black solids. Unusual amide hydride complexes
```

 $[(Me2N)3M(\mu-H)(\mu-NMe2)2]2M(M = Zr, 1; Hf, 2)$ are intermediates and

characterized by single-crystal x-ray diffraction. [(Me2N)3M(μ-D)(μ-NMe2)2]2M (1-d2, 2-d2) were prepared through reactions of M(NMe2)4 with D2SiPh2. Reactions of (Me2N)3ZrSi(SiMe3)3 (5) with H2SiR'Ph gave aminosilanes and (Me2N)2Zr(H)Si(SiMe3)3 (6). These reactions are reversible through unusual equilibrium such as (Me2N)3ZrSi(SiMe3)3 (5) + H2SiPh2 .dblarw. (Me2N)2Zr(H)Si(SiMe3)3 (6) + HSi(NMe2)Ph2. The deuteride ligand in (Me2N)2Zr(D)Si(SiMe3)3 (6-d1) undergoes H-D exchange with H2SiR'Ph (R' = Me, H) to give 6 and HDSiR'Ph. The reaction of Ti(NMe2)4 with SiH4 in CVD at 450° yielded thin Ti-Si-N ternary films containing TiN and Si3N4. Ti(NMe2)4 reacts with SiH4 at 23° to give H2, HSi(NMe2)3, and a black solid. HNMe2 was not detected in this reaction. The reaction mixture, upon heating, gave TiN and Si3N4 powders. Analyses and reactivities of the black solid revealed that it contained -H and unreacted -NMe2 ligands but no Si-containing ligand. Ab initio quantum chemical calcns. of the reactions of Ti(NR2)4 (R = Me, H) with SiH4 indicated that the formation of aminosilanes and HTi(NR2)3 was favored. These calcns. also showed that HTi(NH2)3 (3b) reacted with SiH4 or H3Si-NH2 in the following step to give H2Ti(NH2)2 (4b) and aminosilanes. The results in the current studies indicated that the role of SiH4 in its reaction with Ti(NMe2)4 was mainly to remove amide ligands as HSi(NMe2)3. of amide ligands is incomplete, and the reaction thus yielded "=Ti(H)(NMe2)" as the black solid. Subsequent heating of the black solid and HSi(NMe2)3 may then yield TiN and Si3N4, resp., as the Ti-Si-N materials.

RE.CNT 122 THERE ARE 122 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

- L5 ANSWER 3 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AN 2001:442465 CAPLUS
- DN 135:153134
- TI Generation of Homogeneous (sp3-C1)-Bridged Cp/Amido and Cp/Phosphido Group 4 Metal Ziegler-Natta Catalyst Systems
- AU Kunz, Klaus; Erker, Gerhard; Doering, Steve; Froehlich, Roland; Kehr,
- CS Organisch-Chemisches Institut, Universitaet Muenster, Muenster, D-48149, Germany
- SO Journal of the American Chemical Society (2001), 123(25), 6181-6182
 - CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863
- PB American Chemical Society
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Two synthetic procedures are described for the preparation of "constrained geometry" Ziegler-Natta polymerization catalysts, amido or phosphido-bridged Zr and Ti cyclopentadiene compds.. The complexes are evaluated as catalysts for ethylene homopolymn. and polymerization with 1-octene.
- RE.CNT 29 THERE ARE 29 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L5 ANSWER 4 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AN 2001:431565 CAPLUS
- DN 135:100114
- TI Dichlorobis(dibenzylamino)bis(tetrahydrofuran)zirconium(IV) toluene hemisolvate
- AU Henderson, Kenneth W.; Kennedy, Alan R.; McKeown, Arlene E.; Mulvey, Robert E.
- CS Department of Pure and Applied Chemistry, University of Strathclyde, Glasgow, G1 1XL, UK
- SO Acta Crystallographica, Section C: Crystal Structure Communications (2001), C57(6), 674-675
 CODEN: ACSCEE; ISSN: 0108-2701
- PB Munksquard International Publishers Ltd.
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB The title complex was prepared in an unusual manner by using [Mg{N(CH2Ph)2}2] as a ligand transfer reagent. Crystals are monoclinic, space group C2/c, with a 29.2399(4), b 12.5188(2), c 23.8447(4) Å, β 119.6495(6)°; Z = 8, dc = 1.305; R = 0.050, Rw(F2) = 0.106 for 8596 reflections. The Zr atom lies in a distorted octahedral

environment where steric repulsion from the large dibenzylamino ligands leads to a widening of the N-Zr-N angle [99.95(9)°] and corresponding compression of other angles [Cl-Zr-Cl 160.95(3)° and O-Zr-O 78.22(7)°]. This distortion is compared with those found in the previously determined structures of the dimethylamino and diethylamino analogs.

the previously determined structures of the dimethylamino and diethylamino analogs. RE.CNT 13 THERE ARE 13 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L5 ANSWER 5 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN AN 2001:24341 CAPLUS DN 134:139512 ΤI The pentacoordinate titanium complex [TiCl2(NMe2)2(HNMe2)] ΑU Kirschbaum, Kristin; Conrad, Olaf; Giolando, Dean M. Department of Chemistry, University of Toledo, Toledo, OH, 43606, USA CS SO Acta Crystallographica, Section C: Crystal Structure Communications (2000), C56(12), e541 CODEN: ACSCEE; ISSN: 0108-2701 PB Munksgaard International Publishers Ltd. DTJournal English LA AB Amido complexes of Ti are useful reagents in a variety of syntheses and as precursors for CVD of TiN. The title compound, dichlorobis (dimethylamido) (dimethylamine) titanium (IV), [TiCl2(C2H6N)2(C2H7N)], crystallizes with one mol. in the asym. unit. neutral complex shows an unusual 5-fold coordination of the Ti center with a distorted trigonal-bipyramidal geometry and the dimethylamine mol. occupying an axial position. Crystallog. data are given. THERE ARE 4 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT 4 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT L5 ANSWER 6 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN AN 2000:742860 CAPLUS DN 134:42198 ΤI Early transition-metal complexes of α -keto-stabilized phosphorus ylides ΑU Spannenberg, Anke; Baumann, Wolfgang; Rosenthal, Uwe CS IfOK an der Universitat Rostock e.V., Rostock, 18055, Germany Applied Organometallic Chemistry (2000), 14(10), 611-615 SO CODEN: AOCHEX; ISSN: 0268-2605 PB John Wiley & Sons Ltd. DT Journal English LΑ The complexation behavior of α -keto-stabilized phosphorus ylides AB Ph3P:CHC(O)R (R = Ph, Me) towards early transition metal ions titanium(IV), zirconium(IV) and niobium(III) was investigated. complex [Ph3P:CHC(Ph)O]TiBr2(NMe2)2 was obtained from reaction of phosphonium bromide [Ph3PCH2C(O)Ph]Br with Ti(NMe2)4. The crystal structure of the complex is discussed. It is frequently observed that the complex formed from the ylide with the early transition metal is very unstable (not isolable) and stabilizes by migration of one NMe2 group from the starting metal complex to the ylide. Thus, reaction of Ph3P:CHC(O)Me with Ti(NMe2)4 provided novel ylide Ph3P:CHC(NMe2):CH2. Reaction of Ph3P:CHC(0)Ph with Zr(NMe2)4 yielded Ph2P(0)CH:C(NMe2)Ph. Niobium complexes of α -keto-stabilized phosphorus ylides Ph3P:CHC(O)R (R = Ph, Me) were obtained by reacting the ylides with NbCl3(TMSC.tplbond.CPh) DME (TMS = trimethylsilyl; DME = dimethoxyethane) in CH2Cl2. The binuclear product, [NbCl3(η2-TMSCH:CHPh) (OCR:CHPPh3)]2, containing two chloro bridges, has a structure that was confirmed by X-ray crystal structure anal. THERE ARE 17 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT 17 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L5 ANSWER 7 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 2000:270183 CAPLUS

DN 132:326179

TI Ligand effect on chlorine electron density distribution in titanium tetrachloride complexes

AU Dolenko, G. N.; Gostevskii, B. A.; Poleshchuk, O. Kh.; Latosinska, J.;

- Ostafin, M.; Belogolov, M. A.; Grechneva, M. V. CS Department of Natural Sciences, East Siberian Institute of Russian Ministry for Internal Affairs, Irkutsk, 664077, Russia Heteroatom Chemistry (2000), 11(3), 177-181 CODEN: HETCE8; ISSN: 1042-7163 SO John Wiley & Sons, Inc. PB DT Journal English LΑ Cl $K\alpha$ line shifts and 35Cl NQR frequencies have been measured for AB series of titanium tetrachloride complexes. Nonempirical calcns. of corresponding free ligands have been carried out on the MP2/6-31G* level. Dependencies of the exptl. data obtained on exptl. and calculated parameters of ligand donor ability have been analyzed. It is shown that the electron d. on acceptor chlorine atoms and the elec. field gradient on their nuclei are determined at first by the polarizing effect of the ligand. THERE ARE 19 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT 19 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT ANSWER 8 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN L5 AN1998:719935 CAPLUS 130:46645 DN Synthesis and Characterization of Group 4 Amido Silyl Complexes Free of TI Anionic π -Ligands Wu, Zhongzhi; Diminnie, Jonathan B.; Xue, Ziling ΑU Department of Chemistry, The University of Tennessee, Knoxville, TN, CS 37996-1600, USA Inorganic Chemistry (1998), 37(24), 6366-6372 SO CODEN: INOCAJ; ISSN: 0020-1669 American Chemical Society PΒ DTJournal English LA AΒ Early transition metal silyl complexes free of anionic π -ligands such as cyclopentadienyl (Cp = $\eta 5$ -C5H5) were synthesized. These Cp-free complexes (Me2N)3MSi(SiMe3)3 [M = Zr (1), Hf (2)], (Me2N)3TiSiPh2But (3), $(Me2N) 3ZrSiPh2But \cdot 0.5THF (4), (Me2N) 3HfSiPh2But \cdot nTHF [n =$ 0.5 (5a), 1 (5b)], and (Me2N)2[(Me3Si)2N]ZrSiR3[SiR3 = Si(SiMe3)3(7),SiPh2But (8)] were prepared by metathetic reactions of chloro triamido complexes (Me2N)3MCl (M = Ti, Zr, Hf) or (Me2N)2[(Me3Si)2N]ZrCl (6) with silyllithium reagents Li(THF)3Si(SiMe3)3 or Li(THF)3SiPh2But. The
- structures of 1, 3, 4, 5b, and 8 were determined by x-ray crystallog. and show that 1, 3, and 8 adopt a distorted tetrahedral coordination geometry while 4 and 5b have a distorted trigonal bipyramidal geometry around the metal. The unit cell parameters are as follows. 1: space group R3c, a 15.505(2), c 19.308(4) Å, Z = 6; 3: space group P21, a 8.633(5), b 14.790(7), c 9.388(4) Å, β 92.44(4)°, Z = 2; 4: space group Pbca, a 16.538(9), b 17.282(7), c 18.566(8) Å, Z = 8; 5b: space group Pna21, a 17.463(6), b 9.453(3), c 17.800(6) Å, Z = 4; 8: space group Pca21, a 19.775(5), b 10.182(2), c 15.752(5) Å, Z = 4. The M-Si bond distances for 1, 3, 4, 5b, and 8 are 2.781(2), 2.635(2), 2.803(2), 2.807(4), and 2.860(2) Å, resp. The Zr-Si bond in 8, to the authors' knowledge, is the longest reported Zr-Si bond.
- THERE ARE 73 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD RE.CNT 73 ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT
- L5 ANSWER 9 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN AN 1998:228998 CAPLUS
- DN 128:270733
- Process for synthesizing metallocene compounds TI
- TN Murata, Kunihiko; Hori, Junichi; Yoshida, Masahiro
- Kanto Kagaku K. K., Japan PA
- SO Eur. Pat. Appl., 19 pp.
 - CODEN: EPXXDW
- DT Patent
- English LΑ
- FAN CNT 1

PAN	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
ΡI	EP 834514	A2	19980408	EP 1997-116929	19970930 <
	ED 834514	Z 3	19991124		

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20031022
                          В1
    EP 834514
         R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT,
             IE, FI
                         A2
                                19980428
                                            JP 1996-281644
                                                                    19961004 <--
     JP 10109996
                         B2
     JP 3694371
                                20050914
                         Α
                                19990406 US 1997-936169
                                                                    19970923 <--
     US 5892075
PRAI JP 1996-281644
                         Α
                                19961004
    MARPAT 128:270733
     The object of the invention resides in the development of an improved
AB
     process for synthesizing metallocene compds. useful as olefin polymerization
     catalysts. E.g., bis(N-methylanilido)zirconium dichloride-2THF, prepared in
     79% yield from PhNHMe and ZrCl4 in THF, was complexed with
     1,2-di-3-indenylethane to give 98% ethylenedi-1-indenylzirconium
     bis (N-methylanilide), which was chlorinated with gaseous HCl in CH2Cl2 to
     give 62% ethylenedi-1-indenylzirconium dichloride. Similarly prepared was
     51% ethylenedi-1-indenylzirconium dichloride.
     ANSWER 10 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
L5
     1998:161317 CAPLUS
AN
DN
     128:238522
     Synthesis and crystal structure of [H2NMe2]+[(Me2NH)2TiCl4]-
TI
     Bettenhausen, Regina; Milius, Wolfgang; Schnick, Wolfgang
AU
CS
     Laboratorium Anorganische Chemie, Universitaet Bayreuth, Bayreuth,
     D-95440, Germany
     Zeitschrift fuer Naturforschung, B: Chemical Sciences (1998),
SO
     53(2), 239-241
     CODEN: ZNBSEN; ISSN: 0932-0776
PB
     Verlag der Zeitschrift fuer Naturforschung
DT
     Journal
LA
     German
     [H2NMe2] [(Me2NH)2TiCl4] was synthesized as a green solid by the reaction
AB
     of MeCl2SiNHSiMe3 and Ti(NMe2)4 in CH2Cl2. The crystal structure was
     determined by single crystal x-ray methods at room temperature (monoclinic, C2/c, a =
     1825.7(4), b = 909.9(2), c = 1116.1(2) pm, \beta = 125.09(3)°, V =
     1517.1(5) + 106 \text{ pm3}, Z = 4, \rho c = 1.071 \text{ g/cm3}, F(000) = 512,
     \mu(\text{MoK}\alpha) = 0.547 mm-1, 1346 observed reflections with Fo \geq
     2\sigma(\text{Fo2}), 84 refined parameters, R1 = 0.047, wR2 = 0.147) to be an
     ionic salt [H2NMe2]+[(Me2NH)2TiCl4]-. The central Ti(III) atom of the
     anion is bound to 4 Cl atoms and weakly coordinated by 2 Me2NH ligands.
     ANSWER 11 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
L5
AN
     1996:583535 CAPLUS
DN
     125:196710
     Ziegler catalysts for polymerization of olefins and preparation of
TT
     ethylene-\alpha-olefin copolymers with high \alpha-olefin content using
     Kuribayashi, Hiroshi; Hino, Takahiro; Katayama, Hiroaki; Imai, Akio
IN
PA
     Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan
     Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 9 pp.
SO
     CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
     Patent
LA
     Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
                                           APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                        KIND
                                DATE
                                                                   DATE
                                -----
                         _ _ _ _
     JP 08176217
                         A2
                                19960709
                                          JP 1994-325967
                                                                   19941227 <--
PΙ
                         B2 20031202
     JP 3473144
PRAI JP 1994-325967
                                19941227
     MARPAT 125:196710
OS
     Ethylene and \alpha-olefins are polymerized using title catalysts comprising
AΒ
     (A) Ti-N link-containing Ti amides, (B) compds. forming stable anions with
     transition metal compds., and (C) organic Al compds. Thus, 9.07 mL
     octylamine was treated with 30 mmol BuLi at 5° for 3 h and further
     treated with 15 mmol TiCl4 at 5° for 3 h to obtain
     [(C8H17)2N]2TiCl2, 0.36 g of which was treated with 1.45 mmol benzyl
     Grignard reagents at -78° for 15 min and at room temperature for 30 min
     to give [(C8H17)2N]2TiCl2[CH2(C6H5)]2 (I). Then, butene-1 was polymerized
     with ethylene at 60° for 1 h in the presence of triisobutylaluminum
     0.5, I 0.01, and (Ph3C)[B(C6F5)4] 0.02 mmol to obtain a copolymer with
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degree of branching (Me/1000-C) 65.2 and intrinsic viscosity 4.61 in Tetralin at 135° .

L5 ANSWER 12 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN ΑN 1996:76728 CAPLUS DN 124:202470 ΤI Tri- and Tetravalent Titanium Alkyls Supported by Organic Amides ΑU Minhas, Ravinder K.; Scoles, Ludmila; Wong, Shirley; Gambarotta, Sandro CS Department of Chemistry, University of Ottawa, Ottawa, ON, K1N 6N5, Can. SO Organometallics (1996), 15(4), 1113-21 CODEN: ORGND7; ISSN: 0276-7333 PB American Chemical Society DTJournal LA English AB The reactions of both trivalent [(Cy2N)2Ti(μ -Cl)2Li(TMEDA)] (1) and tetravalent [(Cy2N)2TiCl2] (5) with R'Li in THF or di-Et ether gave Ti(IV) complexes (Cy2N) 2TiR'2 [R' = CH2CMe3 (7), CH2CMe2Ph (8), CH2SiMe3 (9)]. Conversely, the reactions of 1, $\{(i-Pr)2N\}2TiCl2\}[Li(TMEDA)2]$ (2), and $[{(Me3Si)2N}2TiCl2][Li(TMEDA)2]$ (3) with R'Li [R' = Me, Ph, CH2Ph] gave the corresponding trivalent derivs. [(Cy2N)2Ti(μ-Bz)2Li(TMEDA)] (4a), $[(Cy2N)2Ti(\mu-Me)2Li(TMEDA)]$ (4b), $[\{(i-Pr)2N\}2TiPh2]$ [Li(TMEDA)2] (11), and [{(Me3Si)2N}2Ti(CH2Ph)2][Li(TMEDA)2] (12) via simple liqund replacement reactions. Oxidation of 12 with diphenylfulvene gave {(Me3Si)2N}2Ti(CH2Ph)2 (13). All these compds. are thermally labile and yielded intractable materials upon thermolysis. Only in the case of the neophyl derivative (Cy2N)2Ti(CH2CMe2C6H5)2 (8) a cyclometalated compound (Cy2N)2Ti(CH2CMe2C6H4) (10) was isolated and crystallized from the thermolyzed solution The reaction of 1 with styrene oxide provided the Ti-oxo complex [(Cy2N)2TiCl]20 (14) which gave, upon alkylation with MeLi, the corresponding dinuclear alkyl derivs. [(Cy2N)2TiMe]20 (15). structures of 1 and 10-14 were demonstrated by x-ray diffraction anal. L5 ANSWER 13 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN AN 1996:51057 CAPLUS DN 124:163258 ΤI Mixed chloro(dialkylamido) complexes of zirconium and hafnium ΑU Brenner, Simon; Kempe, Rhett; Arndt, Perdita CS Max-Planck-Gesellschaft, Rostock, Germany SO Zeitschrift fuer Anorganische und Allgemeine Chemie (1995), 621(12), 2121-4 CODEN: ZAACAB; ISSN: 0044-2313 PΒ Barth DТ Journal LA English AB Chloro (dialkylamido) complexes (R2N) 2MCl2 (THF) 2 (R = Me, Et; M = Zr and R = Me; M = Hf) were synthesized in a conproportionation reaction by adding an equimolar a mount of the corresponding M(NR2)4 to an ether slurry of MCl4 in the presence of THF. X-ray crystal structure detns. of (Et2N)2ZrCl2(THF)2 (1a) and (Me2N)2ZrCl2(THF)2 (1b) reveal a distorted octahedral coordination geometry where the sterically demanding dialkylamide ligands force the chloride and the THF ligands out of their ideal pos. Dynamic NMR studies indicate an equilibrium of complexes with coordinated THF at low temperature in accordance with the structure determined by x-ray crystallog. and of chloro-amido complexes that do not bind THF (at higher temperature). L5 ANSWER 14 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN AN 1995:915922 CAPLUS DN 124:87720 TI Enantioselective synthesis of isotopically labeled L- α -amino acids. Preparation of 13C-, 18O- and 2H-labeled L-serines and L-threonines Karstens, W. F. J.; Berger, H. J. F. F.; van Haren, E. R.; Lugtenburg, J.; ΑU Raap, J. Leiden Institute Chemistry, Gorlaeus Labs., Leiden University, Leiden, CS 2300 RA, Neth. SO Journal of Labelled Compounds & Radiopharmaceuticals (1995), 36(11), 1077-96 CODEN: JLCRD4; ISSN: 0362-4803 PB · Wiley

- DT Journal
- LA English
- OS CASREACT 124:87720
- Isotopically labeled title compds. are prepared from simple com. available, isotopically enriched starting materials like H2180, [13C] paraformaldehyde, [13C] acetaldehyde and [1-2H] acetaldehyde. The introduction of the side chain is based on the reaction of the anion of the bislactim ether of cyclo(D-Val-Gly) with a suitable reagent. For serine this is isotopically labeled benzyl chloromethyl ether, whereas for threonine labeled acetaldehyde is used in combination with chlorotitanium tris(diethylamide), introducing both stereocenters in one single step. The isotopomers of serine and threonine are obtained on the gram scale in good yields and high enantiomeric and diastereomeric excesses. New syntheses for [180]-benzyl alc. and isotopically enriched benzyl chloromethyl ether are reported. Following the presented synthetic schemes, these amino acids can be labeled at any position or at any combination of positions.
- L5 ANSWER 15 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AN 1995:696130 CAPLUS
- DN 123:56868
- TI Transition metal catalysts and their uses in manufacture of olefin polymers having broad molecular weight distribution for good processability
- IN Johoji, Hirobumi; Shiraishi, Hiroyuki; Sasaki, Toshio
- PA Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 15 pp.
- CODEN: JKXXAF
- DT Patent
- LA Japanese
- FAN.CNT 1

•	111111111111111111111111111111111111111				
	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
	PI JP 07118317	A2	19950509	JP 1993-266129	19931025 <
	JP 3435756	B2	20030811		
	PRAI JP 1993-266129		19931025		

- OS MARPAT 123:56868
- The title catalysts contain transition metal-N compds., cycloalkadienyl ligand-containing metal complexes and other co-catalysts. Adding dropwise BuLi (1.65 mmol/mL-hexane) solution 6.1 to a mixture of di-n-octylamine 3.0 and n-heptane 25.0 mL at 5° over 85 min, reacting for 2 h at 5° and 20°, resp., cooling to 5°, adding 11.1 mL a 10 mmol n-heptane solution of TiCl4 over 45 min to the above mixture, and heating to and reacting at 20° for 1 h gave a solution containing di-n-octylaminotitanium trichloride which was used with Me aluminoxane and bis(cyclopentadienyl)zirconium dichloride in polymerization of butene-1 and ethylene to give a copolymer having Mw 494,000, Mn 13,000 and Mw/Mn 38.0.
- L5 ANSWER 16 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AN 1995:602338 CAPLUS
- DN 123:22799
- TI Chemical vapor deposition of metal pnictide films using single source precursors
- IN Winter, Charles H.; Lewkebandara, T. Suren; Sheridan, Philip H.
- PA Wayne State University, USA
- SO U.S., 7 pp. Cont. of U.S. Ser. No. 985,099. CODEN: USXXAM
- DT Patent
- LA English
- FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PΤ	US 5409735	 A	19950425	US 1994-278566	19940721 <
	US 1994-278566	A1	19940721	05 1994 270300	13340721 <
	US 1992-985099		19921130		

AB A process for depositing a film of metal pnictide is given. The process comprises providing a single source of a metal pnictide and heating said source to a temperature sufficient to sublime the single source at a pressure selected from a range of .apprx.0.0001 to 760 torr so that a sublimate is

delivered into a reaction zone. Within this reaction zone, a substrate is provided upon which deposition may occur. The reaction zone is heated to .apprx.200-800°. The sublimate is passed through this reaction zone and over the substrate to produce a thin film of metal pnictide which is deposited upon the substrate.

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ANSWER 17 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
L5
         1995:340228 CAPLUS
AN
DN
         122:150170
         Synthesis and characterization of dichlorodi(4-t-butylphenoxo)titanium(IV)
TI
         Malhotra, K. C.; Sharma, Neeraj; Bhatt, S. S.; Chaudhry, S. C.
ΑU
         Dep. Chem., Himachal Pradesh Univ., Shimla, 171 005, India
CS
         Journal of the Indian Chemical Society (1994), 71(9), 571-3
SO
         CODEN: JICSAH; ISSN: 0019-4522
PB
         Indian Chemical Society
DT
         Journal
         English
LA
         [TiCl2(OC6H4tBu-4)2] was prepared and combined with aliphatic amines to give
AΒ
         [TiCl2(OC6H4tBu-4)2L2] (L = Et2NH, PrNH2, iPrNH2, BuNH2, tBuNH2). The
         complexes were characterized by elemental anal., molar conductance, mol.
         weight, and spectral (IR, 1H NMR, and mass) methods.
         ANSWER 18 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
L5
AN
         1995:316424 CAPLUS
DN
         122:291763
         Polymerization catalysts and manufacture of ethylene-\alpha-olefin
TI
         copolymers
         Sasaki, Toshio; Katayama, Hiroaki; Shiraishi, Hiroyuki; Shimizu, Keiko
IN
PA
         Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan
so
         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 7 pp.
         CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
         Patent
LA
         Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
                                                         DATE APPLICATION NO.
                                                                                                               DATE
         PATENT NO.
                                         KIND
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                                                                                                                        _____
         JP 06298823
                                                                              JP 1993-91147
PΙ
                                              A2
                                                         19941025
                                                                                                                         19930419 <--
PRAI JP 1993-91147
                                                         19930419
         MARPAT 122:291763
os
         Ethylene-\alpha-olefin copolymers are manufactured with catalysts comprising
AΒ
         (R1R2N) 4-(m+n) MXmYn (R1, R2 = C1-30 hydrocarbyl; M = Zr, Hf; X = halo; Y = Mathematical Results of the second secon
         alkoxy; 0 \le m \le 3; 0 \le n \le 3; 0 \le m + n
         \leq 3) and (R3)a(R4)b(R5)cAlZ3-(a+b+c) (R3-R5 = C1-6 hydrocarbyl; Z =
         H, alkoxy; 0 \le a, b, c \le 3; 1 \le a + b + c \le
         3). Thus, ethylene and 1-hexene were copolymd. in PhMe with AlEt3 and
         (Et2N) 4Zr (preparation given) at 180° for 2 min to give 2500 g
         copolymer/mol Zr with limiting viscosity number 0.39 and hexene content 8.7%.
         ANSWER 19 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
L5
         1995:267040 CAPLUS
AN
         122:32328
DN
         Ethylene-\alpha-olefin copolymerization catalysts and manufacture
ΤI
         ethylene-\alpha-olefin copolymers using the same
         Johoji, Hirobumi; Shiraishi, Hiroyuki; Sasaki, Toshio
IN
PA
         Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan
         Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 18 pp.
SO
         CODEN: JKXXAF
DT
         Patent
         Japanese
LΑ
FAN.CNT 1
         PATENT NO.
                                            KIND
                                                                            APPLICATION NO.
                                                         DATE
                                                                                                                      DATE
         _____
                                                                               -----
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         JP 06157634
                                                                               JP 1992-318127
                                             A2
                                                         19940607
                                                                                                                         19921127 <--
PΙ
PRAI JP 1992-318127
                                                         19921127
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MARPAT 122:32328

OS GI

$$R^1$$
 R^2
 R^5
 R^4
 R^4

- The title catalysts providing high-mol.-weight polymers with good weather resistance, color, transparency, anticorrosive properties, and mech. properties comprise (A) reaction products from Ti-N bond-containing Ti compds. and organic derivs. of Group IA, II, IIIA, and IVA elements, (B) organoaluminum compds., and (C) sterically hindered cyclic ethers I (R1-4 = H, hydrocarbyl and 2 of R1-4 may connected to each other, excluding R1 = R2 = H and R3 = R4 = H; R5 = hydrocarbyl). Ethylene and 1-butene were copolymd. in the presence of tris(dioctylamino)titanium chloride-BuLi reaction product, triethylaluminum, and 2,2,5,5-tetramethyltetrahydrofuran to give a copolymer with narrow composition distribution, catalyst efficiency 82,100 g polymer/mol-Ti-h, and 1-butene content 8.3%.
- L5 ANSWER 20 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AN 1995:264548 CAPLUS
- DN 122:32329
- TI Ethylene- α -olefin copolymerization catalysts and manufacture of ethylene- α -olefin copolymers using the same
- IN Johoji, Hirobumi; Shiraishi, Hiroyuki; Sasaki, Toshio
- PA Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 18 pp.
 - CODEN: JKXXAF
- DT Patent
- LA Japanese
- FAN.CNT 1

	PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
PI PRAI OS GI	JP 06157633 JP 1992-318126 MARPAT 122:32329	A2	19940607 19921127	JP 1992-318126	19921127 <

$$R^1$$
 N
 R^3
 R^4

- The title catalysts providing high-mol.-weight polymers with good weather resistance, color, transparency, anticorrosive properties, and mech. properties comprise (A) reaction products from Ti-N bond-containing Ti compds. and organic derivs. of Group IA, II, IIIA, and IVA elements, (B) organoaluminum compds., and (C) piperidine and/or pyrrolidine compds. I [X = direct bond, CH2; R1-4 = H, (un) substituted alkyl, excluding R1 = R2 = H and R3 = R4 = H]. Ethylene and 1-butene were copolymd. in the presence of tris(dioctylamino)titanium chloride-BuLi reaction product, triethylaluminum, and 2,2,6,6-tetramethylpiperidine to give a copolymer with narrow composition distribution, catalyst efficiency 194,900 g polymer/mol-Ti-h, and 1-butene content 7.2%.
- L5 ANSWER 21 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AN 1995:103764 CAPLUS
- DN 122:106776
- TI Catalysts for polymerization of olefins and manufacture of ethylene- α -olefin copolymers
- IN Sasaki, Toshio; Johoji, Hirobumi; Shiraishi, Hiroyuki
- PA Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan
- SO Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 16 pp.
 - CODEN: JKXXAF
- DT Patent

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LA
    Japanese
FAN.CNT 1
                                     APPLICATION NO. DATE
    PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
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                              _____
                                          -----
    JP 06199939
                        A2
                              19940719
                                        JP 1992-347644
                                                                19921228 <--
PT
                              19921228
PRAI JP 1992-347644
os
    MARPAT 122:106776
    Ethylene-\alpha-olefin copolymers having narrow composition distribution, high
AB
    mol. weight, and good weather resistance, transparency, etc., are manufactured
    with catalysts comprising Ti-N bond-containing Ti compds., organomagnesium
    compds., and halogen-containing Al compds. Thus, ethylene was polymerized with
    hexene-1 in PhMe in the presence of Et2AlCl, [(C8H17)2N]4Ti (prepared from
    TiCl4 and dioctylamine), and BuEtMg at 180° and 25 kg/cm2 for 2 min
    to give 2.5 + 105 g copolymer/mol-transition metal having hexene-1
     content 9.7% and m.p. 99.4°.
    ANSWER 22 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
L5
AN
    1995:72540 CAPLUS
DN
    122:229196
ΤI
    Structure and reactions of tetrahydroborates: New results with a
    fascinating ligand
AU
    Noeth, Heinrich; Thomann, Martina; Bremer, Mathias; Wagner, Gerhard
    INSTITUTE INORGANIC CHEMISTRY, UNIVERSITY MUNICH, Munich, 80333, Germany
CS
    Special Publication - Royal Society of Chemistry (1994),
SO
     143 (CURRENT TOPICS IN THE CHEMISTRY OF BORON), 387-91
    CODEN: SROCDO; ISSN: 0260-6291
DT
    Journal
LA
    English
    The preparation and reactivity of Ti and alkaline earth borohydride complexes, Ti
AΒ
     amido hydrides and their mol. structures are discussed.
L5
    ANSWER 23 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
AN
     1994:714509 CAPLUS
DN
     121:314509
    preparation and characterization of trichloromono(4-
ΤI
    methoxyphenoxo) titanium (IV)
    Malhotra, K. C.; Sharma, Neeraj; Bhatt, S. S.; Chaudhry, S. C.
ΑU
CS
    Department of Chemistry, Himachal Pradesh University, Shimla, 171 005,
     India
     Journal of the Indian Chemical Society (1994), 71(3), 139-41
SO
     CODEN: JICSAH; ISSN: 0019-4522
DT
     Journal
LA
     English
AB
     TiCl4 reacted with 4-methoxyphenol to give trichloro(4-
     methoxyphenoxo)titanium(IV) which reacted with 8 amines to give addition
     complexes with 2 coordinated amines and octahedral structures.
    ANSWER 24 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
     1994:581100 CAPLUS
AN
DN
     An ethylene-alpha-olefin copolymer and a molded article therefrom
TΙ
     Sasaki, Toshio; Miyazaki, Kohzoh; Shiraishi, Hiroyuki; Shigematsu, Yuji;
     Johoji, Hirofumi; Uemura, Akio; Sato, Yufu
PA
     Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan
SO
     Eur. Pat. Appl., 21 pp.
     CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
     Patent
T.A
     English
FAN.CNT 1
                                         APPLICATION NO.
     PATENT NO.
                      KIND DATE
                                                                DATE
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                                          ______
                                                                _____
     EP 588567
                        A1 19940323
                                          EP 1993-307152
                                                                19930910 <--
PΙ
        R: BE, DE, FR, GB, IT, NL
     JP 06166724 A2 19940614
                                          JP 1993-216131
                                                                19930831 <--
     JP 3355534
                    B2 20021202

AA 19940311

C 20040907

A 19940608

B 20011024
                        B2 20021209
     CA 2105815
                                          CA 1993-2105815
                                                                19930909 <--
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CN 1993-116838

19930909 <--

CA 2105815 CN 1087648

CN 1073575

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SG 86302
                         A1
                               20020219
                                           SG 1996-5816
                                                                  19930910 <--
                                           US 1996-611018
                                                                 19960305 <--
     US 5602223
                         Α
                               19970211
PRAI JP 1992-241749
                         Α
                               19920910
     US 1993-118266
                         В1
                               19930909
                        B1
     US 1994-357785
                               19941216
     An ethylene-\alpha-olefin copolymer having; (A) a d. (\rho) of from
AΒ
     0.870 to 0.945 g/cm3, (B) a ratio (TVR) of trans-vinylene type
     carbon-carbon double bonds to total carbon-carbon double bonds as determined
     with an IR absorption spectrum being 35% or more, and (C) a weight average mol.
     weight (Mw) of from 30,000-600,000 is prepared and molded to give an article
     having an excellent transparency, high gloss and high melt tension. Thus,
     1-butene-ethylene copolymer with Mw 112,000, \rho 0.9147, TVR 47%, prepared
     in the presence of EtBuMg, Et3Al, and [(C8H17)2N]3TiCl, exhibited melt
     tension 6.1 g, film gloss 130%, and film haze 3.3%, compared with 4.5, 70,
     and 13.7, resp., for Sumikathene L FA101-1 having Mw 118,000, p
     0.9198, and TVR 11%.
L5
     ANSWER 25 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
AN
     1993:138503 CAPLUS
DN
     118:138503
     Preparation and characterization of monochlorotris (4-tert-
     butylphenoxo) titanium(IV)
ΑU
     Malhotra, K. C.; Sharma, Neeraj; Bhatt, S. S.; Chaudhry, S. C.
CS
     Dep. Chem., Himachal Pradesh Univ., Shimla, 171005, India
SO
     Polyhedron (1992), 11(16), 2065-8
     CODEN: PLYHDE; ISSN: 0277-5387
DT
     Journal
LΑ
     English
AB
     TiCl(OR)3 (1) was prepared from TiCl4 and 4-Me3CC6H4OH (ROH) and
     characterized by elemental anal., IR, NMR and mass spectral studies. The
     1:2 addition compds. of 1 with some aliphatic amines were prepared The behavior
     of 1 in the presence of strong Cl- acceptors such as AlCl3, FeCl3, SbCl3,
     PC15, and SbC15 was studied using conductance techniques.
L5
     ANSWER 26 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
AN
     1992:427412 CAPLUS
DN
     117:27412
TI
     Homogeneous titanium complex catalysts and their manufacture and use in
     olefin polymerization
IN
     Hefner, John G.; Kolthammer, Brian W. S.; Gifford, Dennis R.
PA
     Dow Chemical Co., USA
SO
     Eur. Pat. Appl., 24 pp.
     CODEN: EPXXDW
DT
     Patent
LA
     English
FAN.CNT 1
                                          APPLICATION NO. DATE
     PATENT NO.
                  KIND
                               DATE
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                                                                  _____
     EP 476671
ΡI
                         A2
                               19920325
                                          EP 1991-115975
                                                                  19910919 <--
                A3
     EP 476671
                        A3 19920610
B1 19971105
     EP 476671
        R: BE, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, NL, SE
                A 19920526
                                           BR 1991-4067
     BR 9104067
                                                                 19910918 <--
                        AA
                                                                 19910919 <--
     CA 2051886
                               19920321
                                           CA 1991-2051886
     EP 745617
                        A2
                               19961204
                                           EP 1996-114415
                                                                 19910919 <--
                              19970205
     EP 745617
                        A3
        R: BE, DE, ES, FR, GB, IT, NL, SE
                                           ES 1991-115975
                                                                 19910919 <--
     ES 2109250 T3 19980116
                        B1
                               19991015
                                           KR 1991-16340
     KR 224948
                                                                 19910919 <--
                     A2
     JP 04279592
                               19921005
                                           JP 1991-313020
                                                                 19910920 <--
     US 5194532
                        A
                                           US 1992-898046
                               19930316
                                                                 19920612 <--
US 5312938 A 19940517
PRAI US 1990-586629 A 19900920
EP 1991-115975 A3 19910919
US 1992-897719 B3 19920612
                                           US 1993-42027
                                                                 19930402 <--
     MARPAT 117:27412
OS
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AB LTi(NR12) (NR22) (NR32) [I, $L = \pi$ -bonding ligand (e.g., indene), R1, R2, R3 = C1-4-alkyl], useful as homogeneous catalysts for olefin polymerization, are prepared by reaction of the ligands or their metalated derivs. with the

corresponding Ti amides or by reaction of the corresponding Li amides with LTi(NR12)(NR22)X (L, R1, R2 = same as in I, X = halo). Thus, refluxing 75 mL PhMe, 10.48 mmol Ti(NMe2)4, and 20.96 mmol indene 24 h gave 70% red oil, and polymerization of ethylene with octene at 150° for 10 min in the presence of H, this oil, and Me aluminoxane gave polymer at 12 kg/g Ti.

- ANSWER 27 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN L5
- 1991:177269 CAPLUS AN
- DN 114:177269
- Lewis acidic titanium species: the synthesis, structure, bonding and ΤI molecular modeling considerations of the complexes Ti(NR2)3Cl (R = Me, Et)
- Dick, David G.; Rousseau, Roger; Stephan, Douglas W. ΑU
- Dep. Chem. Biochem., Univ. Windsor, Windsor, ON, N9B 3P4, Can. CS
- SO Canadian Journal of Chemistry (1991), 69(2), 357-62
 - CODEN: CJCHAG; ISSN: 0008-4042
- DTJournal
- LΑ English
- Reaction of Linr2 (R = Me, Et) with TiCl4 affords Ti(NR2)4-nCln. AΒ Ti(NR2)3Cl can be prepared directly employing 3 equiv of NR2- or by reacting Ti(NR2)4 with TiCl4. Ti(NMe2)3Cl crystallizes as trigonal, space group R.hivin.3c, a 11.525(5), c 14.939(3) Å, Z = 6, R = 0.0323, Rw = 0.0333. Ti(NEt2)3Cl crystallizes as monoclinic, space group P21/c, a 8.385(2), b 15.958(2), c 14.230(4) Å, β 107.79(1)°, Z = 4, R = 0.0475, Rw = 0.0522. The geometry of the Ti coordination sphere in these complexes is best described as pseudo-tetrahedral. The structural data are consistent with Ti-N multiple bonding. Preliminary results of EHMO calcns. are consistent with $d\pi$ -p π Ti-N bonding. Attempts to replace the halides with LiPR'2 (R' = Me, Et, Ph) led not to the Ti(IV) phosphido species, but rather to redox chemical yielding Ti(III) amides and P2R'4. The barrier to rotation about the Ti-N bonds has considered. Variable temperature 1H NMR studies reveal that the barrier is small. Hueckel total energy minimization calcns. were performed. MMX calcns. of the barrier to Ti-N rotation are reported. The results of these calcns. imply that the rotational barrier is dominated by steric effects.
- ANSWER 28 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN L5
- 1985:453346 CAPLUS AN
- DN 103:53346
- Chemoselective addition of organotitanium reagents to carbonyl compounds ΤI
- Reetz, Manfred T.; Westermann, Juergen; Steinbach, Rainer; Wenderoth, ΑU Bernd; Peter, Roland; Ostarek, Ralph; Maus, Sabina
- CS Fachbereich Chem., Univ. Marburg, Marburg, D-3550, Fed. Rep. Ger.
- SO Chemische Berichte (1985), 118(4), 1421-40
- CODEN: CHBEAM; ISSN: 0009-2940
- DT Journal
- LA English
- CASREACT 103:53346 os
- The conversion of classical carbanions such as RMqX, RLi, or deprotonated AB nitriles, sulfones, and carboxylic esters into titanium analogs results in reagents which add chemoselectively to carbonyl compds. in the presence of other functional groups. The standard titanating agent is chlorotriisopropoxytitanium. Grignard-type reactions and aldol addns. are aldehyde-selective in the presence of ketones. Other functional groups such as alkyl and aryl halides, esters, amides as well as nitro and cyano moieties are tolerated. Discrimination between two aldehydes or two ketones is also possible. Replacing alkoxy ligands by Me groups at titanium increases reactivity dramatically, relative rates increasing in the series MeTi(OCHMe2)3 < Me2Ti(OCHMe2)2 < Me4Ti. The latter reagent and its zirconium analog methylate sterically hindered and/or enolizable ketones which normally fail to undergo Grignard reactions. The ate complex H2C:CHCH2Ti(OCHMe2)4MqCl is aldehyde-selective, while the amino analog H2C:CHCH2Ti(NMe2)4MgCl adds selectivity to ketones in the presence of aldehydes.
- ANSWER 29 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN L5
- 1985:38520 CAPLUS AN
- DN 102:38520
- Synthesis and properties of zirconium tetrachloride-isopropylbenzylamine ΤI coordination compounds

- AU Gao, Yici; Gao, Hongfeng; Shen, Fengjia
- CS Lanzhou Univ., Lanzhou, Peop. Rep. China
- SO Lanzhou Daxue Xuebao, Ziran Kexueban (1984), 20(1), 161-2 CODEN: LCTHAF; ISSN: 0455-2059
- DT Journal
- LA Chinese
- AB Benzylisopropylamine (L) and ZrCl4 in petroleum ether gave ZrCl4.2L.4H2O and ZrCl4.L.4H2O. The IR and NMR spectra of the 2 complexes were measured. The ZnCl4 complexes are soluble in polar solvents, such as MeOH, EtOH, and DMSO, and decomposed completely at 690° to give ZrO2.
- L5 ANSWER 30 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AN 1983:490337 CAPLUS
- DN 99:90337
- TI An economical large-scale synthesis of titanium tetrakis[diethylamide] and chlorotitanium tris[diethylamide]
- AU Reetz, M. T.; Urz, R.; Schuster, T.
- CS Fachbereich Chem., Univ. Marburg, Marburg, D-3550, Fed. Rep. Ger.
- SO Synthesis (1983), (7), 540
- CODEN: SYNTBF; ISSN: 0039-7881
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB HNEt2, Li, and styrene are reacted to form LiNEt2 and ethylbenzene. The LiNEt2 is reacted with TiCl4 at a rate of 0.25 mol TiCl4 per mol LiNEt to prepare Ti(NEt2)4. When 0.33 mol TiCl4 is added, the product is ClTi(NEt2)3. The yields are 75 and 77%, resp., and the purities >96% for both compds.
- L5 ANSWER 31 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AN 1982:471904 CAPLUS
- DN 97:71904
- TI Erythro selective aldol condensation using titanium enolates
- AU Reetz, M. T.; Peter, R.
- CS Fach. Chem., Univ. Marburg, Marburg, 3550, Fed. Rep. Ger.
- SO Tetrahedron Letters (1981), 22(47), 4691-4 CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039
- DT Journal
- LA English
- OS CASREACT 97:71904
- AB Ti enolates derived from acyclic or cyclic ketones react with RCHO (R = Ph, cyclohexyl, Me3C, Et, Me2CH) to give erythro adducts with high diastereoselectivity. E.g., a 36:64 mixture of (Z) and (E)-MeCH:CEtOTi(OCHMe2)3, prepared from the corresponding Li enolate and ClTi(OCHMe2)3, on treatment with PhCHO in pentane at -120° for 1 h gave an 89:11 erythro-threo mixture of hydroxy ketones in >70% yield.
- L5 ANSWER 32 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AN 1981:425228 CAPLUS
- DN 95:25228
- TI Attempts to prepare alkylidene zirconium complexes by $\alpha\mbox{-hydrogen}$ atom abstraction
- AU Wengrovius, Jeffrey H.; Schrock, Richard R.
- CS Dep. Chem. 6-331, Massachusetts Inst. Technol., Cambridge, MA, 02139, USA
- SO Journal of Organometallic Chemistry (1981), 205(3), 319-27 CODEN: JORCAI; ISSN: 0022-328X
- DT Journal
- LA English
- Several new neopentyl halide complexes of Zr were prepared in order to test whether they could be induced to lose neopentane and give neopentylidene complexes by adding P or N donor ligands. ZrNp2X2 (X = Cl, Br, Np = CH2CMe3 can be prepared in ether and isolated as a dietherate. It reacts with L (L = PMe3, PMe2Ph, NEt3, L2 = Me2PCH2CH2PMe2 (L1), Me2NCH2CH2NMe2) to give ZrNp2X2L2. ZrNp3Cl can be prepared by adding MgNp2 to ZrNp2Cl2(ether)2 and isolated by sublimation in 25% yield. On adding PMe3 or L1, it disproportionates to ZrNp4 and ZrNp2Cl2L2. ZrCp'NpCl2(Cp' = n5-C5Me5), ZrCp'Np2Cl, and ZrCp'Np3 were prepared by adding MgNp2 to ZrCp'Cl3. Only the last is a solid, only the first forms an adduct, ZrCp'NpCl2(PMe3). None of the complexes decomposed to tractable products in the presence of L. Photolysis of ZrNp2Cl2(PMe3)2 yielded [Zr(PMe3)2Cl3]2

by an apparently complex reaction initiated by homolytic Zr-Np bond fission.

- L5 ANSWER 33 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AN 1980:163510 CAPLUS
- DN 92:163510
- TI Coordination studies of hafnium(IV): reactions of hafnium(IV) bromide or iodide and bis(π -cyclopentadienyl)titanium(II), -zirconium(II), or -hafnium(II) chloride with trimethylamine
- AU Wade, S. R.; Willey, G. R.
- CS Dep. Chem. Mol. Sci., University of Warwick, Coventry, CV4 7AL, UK
- SO Journal of the Less-Common Metals (1979), 68(1), 105-6 CODEN: JCOMAH; ISSN: 0022-5088
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Reaction of HfX4 with Me3N gave HfX4.2NMe3 (X = Br, I). Addition of THF to HfCl4.2NMe3 gave HfCl4.2THF. Reduction of Cp2TiCl2 (Cp = η 5-cyclopentadienyl) with NMe3 gave [Cp2TiCl]2. Cp2MCl2 (M = Zr, Hf) did not react with NMe3.
- L5 ANSWER 34 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AN 1977:114708 CAPLUS
- DN 86:114708
- TI cis-Tetrachlorobis(trimethylamine)hafnium(IV): synthesis and characterization
- AU Willey, G. R.
- CS Dep. Mol. Sci., University of Warwick, Coventry, UK
- SO Inorganica Chimica Acta (1977), 21(1), L12
 - CODEN: ICHAA3; ISSN: 0020-1693
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB The reaction of HfCl4 with Me3N gave cis-HfCl4 (Me3N)2 without reduction of the metal as occurs in reactions of Me3N with halides of metals (e.g. Ti) in the early transition series.
- L5 ANSWER 35 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AN 1977:37111 CAPLUS
- DN 86:37111
- TI Trimethylamine complexes of zirconium(IV) halides
- AU Hughes, J.; Willey, G. R.
- CS Dep. Mol. Sci., University of Warwick, Coventry, UK
- SO Inorganica Chimica Acta (1976), 20(2), 137-40 CODEN: ICHAA3; ISSN: 0020-1693
- DT Journal
- LA English
- The Zr(IV) derivs. ZrX4·2NMe3 (X = Cl, Br, and I) were obtained from direct reaction of the appropriate metal halide with an excess of Me3N. Structural evidence for a monomeric formulation is provided specifically for the chloride and bromide complexes. Spectral evidence for a 6-coordinate cis-ZrCl4(NMe3)2, cis-ZrBr4(NMe3)2 and trans-ZrI4(NMe3)2 arrangement of ligands within the series is presented and discussed.
- L5 ANSWER 36 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AN 1973:505383 CAPLUS
- DN 79:105383
- TI Titanium-nitrogen compounds. XVII. σ -(Ferrocenyl)dialkylamidotitan jum
- AU Buerger, Hans; Kluess, Carsten
- CS Inst. Anorg. Chem., Tech. Univ., Brunswick, Fed. Rep. Ger.
- SO Journal of Organometallic Chemistry (1973), 56, 269-77 CODEN: JORCAI; ISSN: 0022-328X
- DT Journal
- LA German
- GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
- AB Mono- and dilithioferrocene react with dialkylamidotitanium bromides (R2N)3TiBr (R = Me, Et) to yield h1-ferrocenyltitanium dialkylamides (II, III, IV). In these compds. the cyclopentadienyl groups are π -linked to Fe and σ -bonded to Ti; the structures are rigid in the NMR time

scale. Dependent on the NR2 substituent, the TiC $\sigma\text{-bond}$ is stable up to .apprx.60° for short periods.

- L5 ANSWER 37 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AN 1973:461050 CAPLUS
- DN 79:61050
- TI Titanium-nitrogen compounds. 16. Dialkylamidotitanium fluorides
- AU Buerger, H.; Wiegel, K.
- CS Inst. Anorg. Chem., Tech. Univ. Braunschweig, Brunswick, Fed. Rep. Ger.
- SO Zeitschrift fuer Anorganische und Allgemeine Chemie (1973), 398(3), 257-72
 - CODEN: ZAACAB; ISSN: 0044-2313
- DT Journal
- LA German
- AB (R2N)TiF3 (R = Me and Et), (R2N)2TiF2, and (Et2N)3TiF were prepared by reaction of TiF4 with Me3SiNR2, of TiF4 with (R2N)4Ti, and of (et2N)4Ti with PhPF4, resp. (Me2N)TiF3 was also prepared from (Me2N)4Ti and PF5. (Et2N)3TiF was monomeric in solution, whereas (Et2N)2TiF2 was oligomeric with a concentration-dependent association degree and Me2NTiF3, (Me2N)2TiF2, and (Et2N)TiF3 formed coordination polymers. The compds. were characterized by their PMR, 19F-NMR, and ir spectra.
- L5 ANSWER 38 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AN 1973:118671 CAPLUS
- DN 78:118671
- TI Preparation and proposed structure for bis[bis(dimethylamino)bromoborane]-tris(titanium tetrabromide)
- AU Suliman, M. R.; Schram, E. P.
- CS Evans Chem. Lab., Ohio State Univ., Columbus, OH, USA
- SO Inorganic Chemistry (1973), 12(4), 920-2
 - CODEN: INOCAJ; ISSN: 0020-1669
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB Treatment of [Me2N]2BBr with TiBr4 affords {[Me2N]2-BBr }2{TiBr4}2. The stoichiometry of the latter was established by determination of the reactant ratio and by nucleophilic degradation affording TiBr4. NMe3 and [Me2N]2BBr. A structure is proposed for {[M32N]2BBr}2 {TiBr4}3 based on ir spectral assignments and the unusual stoichiometry of this compound
- L5 ANSWER 39 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AN 1972:30263 CAPLUS
- DN 76:30263
- TI Reaction of 5-N-substituted aminofurfurals with Group IV element tetrachlorides
- AU Shelepina, V. L.; Pustovarov, V. S.
- CS USSR
- SO Issled. Termogr. Korroz. (1970) 218-21
 - From: Ref. Zh., Khim. 1971, Abstr. No. 1Zh26
- DT Journal
- LA Russian
- The ir spectra indicated that 5-(dialkylamino) furfurals (I) formed 2:1 complexes with Sn, Ti, and Ge tetrachlorides. With 5-(dimethylamino) furfural (II), 5-piperidinofurfural (III), and 5-(diethylamino) furfural (IV), coordination occurred with the N atom, decreasing in the order: II>III>IV>morpholinofurfural. During reaction of MCl4 with phenyl-5-(methylamino)-furfural, a significant pos. shift of the C:O bonds was observed in the spectra of the complexes, which indicated a complexation at O; steric and induction effects of the Ph group inhibited the formation of the bond at N.
- L5 ANSWER 40 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AN 1971:119492 CAPLUS
- DN 74:119492
- TI Titanium-nitrogen compounds. II. Dialkylamidotitanium iodides
- AU Buerger, Hans; Kluess, Carsten; Neese, Hans J.
- CS Inst. Anorg. Chem., Tech. Univ. Braunschweig, Brunswick, Fed. Rep. Ger.
- SO Zeitschrift fuer Anorganische und Allgemeine Chemie (1971), 381(2), 198-204
 - CODEN: ZAACAB; ISSN: 0044-2313

- DT Journal
- LA German
- AΒ (R2N)3TiI and (R2N)2TiI2 (R = Et, Me) were prepared by the reaction of TiI4 and (R2N)4Ti in C6H6. The compds. were characterized by ir and NMR spectra; their properties resemble those of the corresponding bromides. Attempts to prepare R2NTiI3 were not successful.
- ANSWER 41 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN L5
- 1970:451809 CAPLUS AN
- DN 73:51809
- Complexes of titanium(III) halides with several amines [dimethylamine, TI diethylamine, ethylenediamine, propylenediamine, and N,N,N',N'tetramethylethylenediamine] and some related reactions involving vanadium(III) chloride and disodium tetrachlorotitanate(II)
- Fowles, Gerald W. A.; Lester, T. E.; Lewis, David F.; Walton, Richard A. ΑU
- CS Dep. Chem., Univ. Reading, Reading, UK
- Journal of Inorganic and Nuclear Chemistry (1970), 32(6), SO

CODEN: JINCAO; ISSN: 0022-1902

- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB The systems TiX3-ethylenediamine (X = Cl or Br) have been reinvestigated and the existence of complexes of stoichiometry TiX3.4en confirmed. These reaction products were independent of reaction solvent (neat ethylenediamine, C6H6, tetrahydrofuran, or MeCN) except in the case of the reaction of TiCl3 with ethylenediamine (1:2-1:3 mole proportions) using MeCN as solvent. In this instance a product of stoichiometry TiCl3.3en was isolated. The compds. TiX3.4en contain the [Tien4]3+ cation although the stereochemistry of the latter remains in doubt. The related reaction of the trichloride with propylenediamine (pn) yields blue TiCl3.4pn. trihalides TiCl3, TiBr3 and VCl3 react with N,N,N',N'tetramethylethylenediamine (TMEN) to form the complexes MX3.1.5TMEN, which behave as 1:1 electrolytes in MeCN and have electronic absorption spectra characteristic of 2 absorbing metal ion species. These derivs. are accordingly formulated as ionic [MX2.2TMEN] + [MX4.TMEN] -. TiCl3 dissolves in Me2NH to form the green neutral complex TiCl3.3Me2NH, but the related reaction involving Et2NH results in the formation of aminolysis products. The complexes TiCl3.2Et2NH and [Et2NH2] [TiCl4.2Et2NH] which are believed to be reaction intermediates in the aminolysis process have been synthesized by alternative routes. The Ti(II) halide Na2TiCl4 is oxidized by liquid Me2NH with the resulting formation of the red crystalline Ti(III) species TiCl2(NMe2).3Me2NH.
- L5 ANSWER 42 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AN 1970:18002 CAPLUS
- DN 72:18002
- ΤI Titanium-nitrogen compounds. VI. Dialkylaminotitanium bromides
- ΑU Buerger, Hans; Neese, Hans J.
- CS Tech. Univ. Braunschweig, Brunswick, Fed. Rep. Ger.
- SO Zeitschrift fuer Anorganische und Allgemeine Chemie (1969), 370 (5-6), 275-82 CODEN: ZAACAB; ISSN: 0044-2313
- DT Journal
- LA
- AB R2NSiMe3 (R = Me, Et) was cleaved by TiBr4 to give R2NTiBr3. and (R2N)3TiBr were obtained by the metathesis reaction of TiBr4 and Ti(NR2)4. The compds. were characterized by NMR and IR spectra. R2NTiBr3 derivs. associate forming Ti-Br-Ti bridges.
- ANSWER 43 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN 1.5
- AN 1969:83816 CAPLUS
- 70:83816 DN
- Complexes of tetrachlorides of Group IV elements with 5-TI (dialkylamino) furfurals
- Pustovarov, V. S.; Shelepina, V. L.; Shelepin, O. E.; Nazarova, Z. N.; ΑU Osipov, O. A.
- ÇS USSR
- Zhurnal Obshchei Khimii (1968), 38(12), 2763-6 SO CODEN: ZOKHA4; ISSN: 0044-460X

DT Journal

LA Russian

HCl salts and metal tetrachloride complexes with furfural derivs. were prepared Only the phenylamino members complexed through the carbonyl groups; all the others complexed through the N atoms, as judged from the band shifts in their ir spectra. The following complexes were prepared: 5-(dimethylamino)furfural with: TiCl4, red-brown; GeCl4, colorless; SnCl4, yellow-green; HCl, colorless; 5-(diethylamino)furfural with: TiCl4, red-brown; GeCl4, pink; SnCl4, yellow-green; HCl, colorless; 5-(piperidino)furfural with: TiCl4, red-brown; GeCl4, lilac; SnCl4, yellow-green; HCl, colorless; 5-(morpholino)furfural with: TiCl4, red-brown; GeCl4, yellow; SnCl4, yellow; HCl, brown; 5-(methylphenylamino)furfural with: TiCl4, yellow; GeCl4, -; SnCl4, yellow; HCl, brown. All complexes with the metal tetrachlorides contained 2 mols. of the ligand/metal atom; HCl formed 1:1 salts with all ligands.

L5 ANSWER 44 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 1968:502661 CAPLUS

DN 69:102661

TI Reaction of 5-(N-dialkylamino) furfurals with tetrachlorides of group IV elements

AU Shelepina, V. L.; Pustovarov, V. S.; Osipov, O. A.; Nazarova, Z. N.

CS USSR

SO Zhurnal Obshchei Khimii (1968), 38(3), 666 CODEN: ZOKHA4; ISSN: 0044-460X

DT Journal

LA Russian

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

I, where R = Me (II), Et (III), or Ph (IV) or R2N = piperidine (V), in anhydrous C6H6 or hexane form colored crystalline coordination compds. with TiCl4, SnCl4, and GeCl4 in which the MCl4:ligand ratio was 1:2. The compds. hydrolyzed easily in the air. The ir absorption spectra of the compds. at 400-4000 cm.-1 endicated that the tetrachlorides were coordinated with N of II, III, and V. Formation of a complex with III was made difficult by steric hindrance produced by the Et group. The complexes of this compound were particularly unstable and hydrolyzed in air more readily than the others. For IV, there was a considerable neg. displacement of the CO band frequency as a result of the formation of complexes with SnCl4 and TiCl4 indicating complex formation through the O atom. Failure of the formation of a complex by GeCl4 confirmed that this compound is incapable of forming complexes by coordinating with O.

L5 ANSWER 45 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN

AN 1968:448846 CAPLUS

DN 69:48846

TI Reactivity of titanium(IV) oxide dichloride towards nitrogen and oxygen donor molecules and a study of the complex anions TiOCl42- and TiOCl53-

AU Fowles, G. W. A.; Lewis, D. F.; Walton, R. A.

CS Univ. Reading, Whiteknights, UK

Journal of the Chemical Society [Section] A: Inorganic, Physical, Theoretical (1968), (7), 1468-73
CODEN: JCSIAP; ISSN: 0022-4944

DT Journal

LA English

The direct reaction of TiOCl2 with a range of ligand mols. leads to the AB formation of complexes of stoichiometry TiOCl2.2L, (L = MeCN, Me3N, tetrahydropyran, and tetrahydrofuran). With pyridine, ethylene glycol dimethyl ether (EGDE), and 1,4-dioxane the following complexes were obtained: TiOCl2.2.5py, TiOCl2.EGDE, and TiOCl2.1.5C4H8O2. The last complex can be used as a synthetic intermediate and its reaction with 2,2'-bipyridine (bipy) and α -picoline (α -pic) results in the displacement of 1,4-dioxane and the formation of TiOCl2.bipy and $TiOCl2.2\alpha$ -pic. Only in the case of $TiOCl2.2\alpha$ -pic and TiOCl2.2NMe3 do ir spectral measurements indicate the presence of terminal Ti:O groups. The Me3N adduct is shown to be isostructural with its five-coordinate vanadium (IV) analog. The probable structures of the other complexes are also discussed. Detailed electronic spectral measurements are reported for the TiOCl42- and TiOCl53- anions and the absorption bands assigned to transitions of the type halogen (π)

→ Ti. 20 references.

- L5 ANSWER 46 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AN 1968:118938 CAPLUS
- DN 68:118938
- TI Coordination complexes of titanium(II)
- AU Fowles, Gerald W. A.; Lester, T. E.; Walton, Richard A.
- CS Univ. Reading, Reading, UK
- SO Journal of the Chemical Society [Section] A: Inorganic, Physical, Theoretical (1968), (5), 1081-5
 CODEN: JCSIAP; ISSN: 0022-4944
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB TiCl2 (or Na2TiCl4) and TiBr2 react with MeCN to yield the nonionic complexes (TiX2.2MeCN)n which can be used as intermediates for the preparation of other complexes of the type TiX2.2L [L = pyridine, tetrahydrofuran, tetrahydropyran, 1/2(2,2'-bipyridine), or 1/2(1,10-phenanthroline)]. None of these products are magnetically dilute (magnetic moment approx. 1.0 Bohr magneton at room temperature) and they are probably halogen-bridged polymers in the solid state. Reaction of Na2TiCl4 with Me3N resulted in oxidation of the halide and the formation of TiCl3.2NMe3. Similar oxidns. occurred when pyridine reacted with TiCl2 or TiBr2.
- L5 ANSWER 47 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AN 1968:101367 CAPLUS
- DN 68:101367
- TI Complexes formed by titanium(III) iodide
- AU Fowles, Gerald W. A.; Lester, T. E.; Russ, Brian J.
- CS Univ. Reading, Reading, UK
- SO Journal of the Chemical Society [Section] A: Inorganic, Physical, Theoretical (1968), (4), 805-7
 CODEN: JCSIAP; ISSN: 0022-4944
- DT Journal
- LA English
- AB TiI3 has been allowed to react with a range of ligands containing O and N donor atoms, and the complexes of the following stoichiometry isolated and characterized: 2TiI3.3bipy, TiI3.2L (L = ethylene glycol dimethyl ether, Me3N, α -picoline, and 1,10-phenanthroline), TiI3.3L (L = pyridine, γ -picoline, tetrahydrofuran, and 1,4-dioxane), and TiI3.4MeCN. Structures have been assigned to the compds. on the basis of various phys. measurements, including conds. and ir spectra. The significance of the electronic spectra are discussed, and Dq for I- estimated at 500-600 cm.-1 with respect to Ti(III). 18 references.
- L5 ANSWER 48 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AN 1967:101224 CAPLUS
- DN 66:101224
- TI Some reactions of alkoxy and chloroalkoxytitanium(IV) compounds with tertiary amines
- AU Anagnostopoulos, Augoustinos K.
- CS Natl. Tech. Univ., Athens, Greece
- SO Chimika Chronika (1967), 32(1), 1-4 CODEN: CCRNAQ
- DT Journal
- LA English
- The reaction of TiCl3OEt (I), TiCl2(OEt)2 (II), and TiCl(OEt)3 (III) with pyridine and Me3N was studied. Thus, when I, II, and III and the amine were mixed in benzene, the complex precipitated as a yellow solid. The obtained complexes of I or II with the amine showed a stoichiometric ratio 1:2 whereas that of III had a molar ratio 1:1. No adduct was obtained between Ti(OEt)4 and the organic ligands.
- L5 ANSWER 49 OF 49 CAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2006 ACS on STN
- AN 1967:16134 CAPLUS
- DN 66:16134
- TI Complex formation of anhydrous titanium(III) chloride with secondary and tertiary amines
- AU Prasad, Sarju; Devi, K. Shyamala
- CS Banaras Hindu Univ., Varanasi, India

SO Journal and Proceedings of the Institution of Chemists (India) (
 1966), 38(4), 178-80
CODEN: JPICAE; ISSN: 0368-3648

DT Journal

LA English

AB

Complex compds. containing 1 mol. TiCl3, 2 mols. of a secondary or tertiary amine, and 1 mol. of EtOAc have been prepared Anhydrous TiCl3 was prepared by the reduction of TiCl4 with finely divided Al powder at 190°. The black mass of TiCl3 was extracted with anhydrous EtOAc and filtered. Complexes were prepared by addition of the amine solution in EtOAc in small quantities to TiCl3 solution in such a way that TiCl3 was in slight excess. The product was filtered in a dry atmospheric, washed with EtOAc, pressed between filter paper, and then dried in a vacuum desiccator. The compds. are colored and fairly stable. They are insol. in nonpolar organic solvents, soluble in dilute mineral acids, slightly soluble in EtOH, and hydrolyze in H2O. Some, such as the compds. formed with methylaniline, N-benzylaniline, and tribenzylamine are slightly soluble in Me2CO. All of the compds. lose weight corresponding to 1 mol. of EtOAc when heated at 100°. On further heating, some of them give a sharp m.p. while others melt with decomposition The following compds. were prepared which have the probable formula TiCl3.2A.EtOAc (A, color of complex, and m.p. given): dibenzylamine, cream yellow, 160°; dimethylaniline, light brown, 280° (decomposition); N, N'-diphenylbenzidine, cream yellow, 300° (decomposition); N-benzylaniline, cream yellow, 210° (decomposition); benzalaniline, yellow turning to apple green, 200° (decomposition); ethylaniline, dirty cream, 170°; tribenzylamine, cream yellow, 130°; Et2NH, light brown, 185° (decomposition); MeNH2, dirty green, 200°; Et3N, dirty cream, 200°; diethylaniline, light brown, 240° (decomposition); and Ph2NH, orange red turning to apple green, 255°.